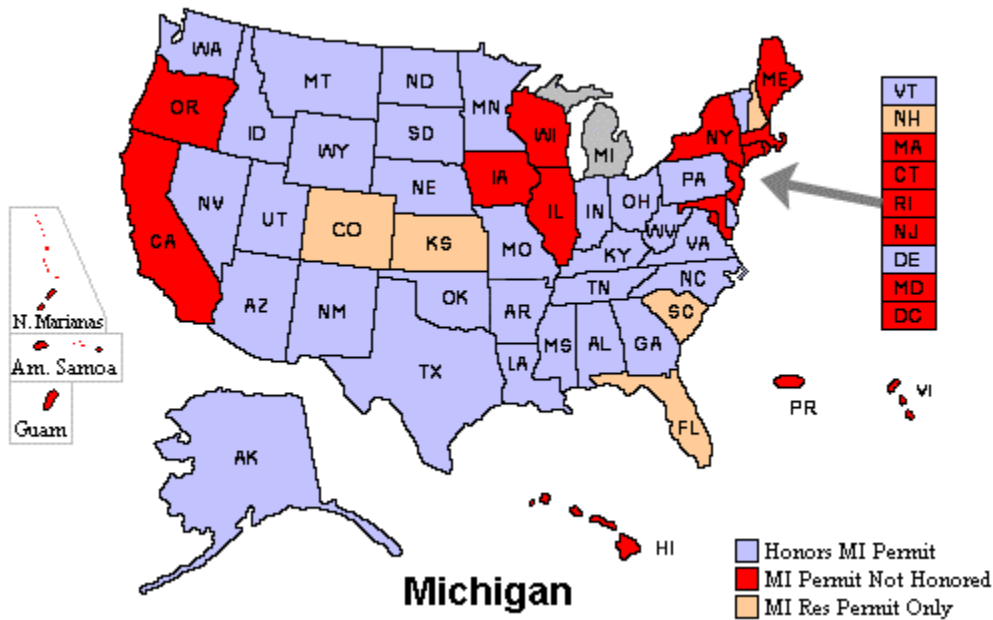


## Michigan

Shall Issue

Must Inform Officer: **YES**



### Links

[State CCW Site](#)

[CPL Quick Reference](#)

[CCW](#)

[Application/Instructions](#)

[State FAQ Site](#)

[State Statutes](#)

[State Admin Rules](#)

[State Reciprocity Info](#)

[State Attorney General](#)

[2<sup>nd</sup> CCW Info Site](#)

[MI Firearm Laws](#)

Last Updated: 5/11/10

### Permits/Licenses This State Honors

Michigan honors all other resident Permits/Licenses to carry concealed firearms.

**Michigan honors all Resident Permit/Licenses. No Non-Resident Permits/Licenses are honored.**

### How to Apply for A Permit

#### From the Michigan AG:

While anyone interested in this subject is encouraged to check [Act 381](#), generally, the law provides that a person who meets certain requirements will be issued a concealed pistol permit. The principal requirements are:

1. The applicant is 21 years of age.
2. The applicant has resided in Michigan for at least 6 months.
3. The applicant is a citizen or legal resident of the United States.
4. The applicant has successfully taken a gun safety course.
5. The applicant is not under certain court orders, such as those involving mental disabilities, personal protection orders, legal incapacitation, etc.
6. The applicant does not have a pending felony charge and has never been convicted of a felony or certain misdemeanors within a specified time period.
7. The applicant has not been involuntarily committed due to a mental illness, adjudged insane, guilty but mentally ill or pled insanity in a criminal case.
8. The applicant does not have a diagnosed mental illness at the time of the application.
9. The applicant has not been dishonorably discharged from the US military.
10. The applicant is not subject to a court order prohibiting the possession of a firearm.

Again, anyone interested in applying for a concealed pistol permit must check the statute for all the prerequisites for licensure.

The licensing process is handled by the county concealed weapon licensing board. An application kit is available from your local police agency or the county clerk's office. The applicant needs to be fingerprinted by the county sheriff and then submit the application to the county clerk for the board's review.

Once issued, a concealed pistol permit allows a person to carry anywhere in the state except where legally prohibited or in the so called "gun free zones" specified in section 5(o) of the act. The holder must also declare to a peace officer who stops the person that he or she is carrying a concealed pistol. The law also imposes an implied consent to submit to alcohol or chemical testing if a police officer suspects a person is carrying a concealed pistol under the influence.

Additional details regarding Michigan's Concealed Pistol law is available from the web sites linked to this one or from reading the law, which is also linked.

### **From the Michigan State Police:**

#### **Concealed Pistol Application and Instructions**

1. Concealed pistol application kits are provided during normal business hours by the following:
  - County sheriffs
  - Local police agencies
  - County clerks
2. Concealed pistol application kits are free of charge to individuals who wish to apply for a license to carry a concealed pistol.
3. Concealed pistol application kit includes the following:
  - Written procedure to obtain a concealed pistol permit
  - [Application form](#)
  - Written procedure to appeal and the appeal process form if denied a concealed pistol permit
  - Reference numbers for current pistol safety training entities
4. Processing Application
  - Applicant files their application with the county clerk in the county in which the individual resides. This must include: (1) a copy of the certificate of completion of the pistol safety training course, and (2) a passport quality photograph.
  - Applicant pays a fee of \$105 to the county clerk at time of filing.
  - Applicant receives a receipt for payment.
  - Applicant provides receipt and has fingerprints taken by sheriff department or a local law enforcement agency. However, the local agency may charge an additional \$15 for the taking of the fingerprints. Some sheriff departments participate with a vendor to provide applicant finger printing. There is no additional charge for this service.
  - Sheriff department or local police agency forwards fingerprints to the Michigan State Police for processing.

- Once county gun board receives the fingerprint comparison report, they will issue or deny the license within 45 days.

## Non-Resident Permits

Michigan does not issue Permit/Licenses to Non-Residents.

## Places Off-Limits Even With A Permit/License

**28.425o. amended Premises on which carrying concealed weapon prohibited; “premises” defined; exceptions to subsection (1); violation; penalties.**

1. \*Schools or school property but may carry in the while in a vehicle on school property while dropping off or picking up if a parent or legal guardian. (Act 719 allows carry in parking lots. See below)
2. Public or private day care center, public or private child caring agency, or public or private child placing agency.
3. Sports arena or stadium
4. A tavern where the primary source of income is the sale of alcoholic liquor by the glass consumed on the premises
5. Any property or facility owned or operated by a church, synagogue, mosque, temple, or other place of worship, unless the presiding official allows concealed weapons
6. An entertainment facility that the individual knows or should know has a seating capacity of 2,500 or more
7. A hospital
8. A dormitory or classroom of a community college, college, or university
9. A Casino
10. Premises does not include parking areas of the above places 1 thru 8.  
The parking lots of Casino’s are off Limits to those with a permit to carry.

Administrative Order 2001-1 of the Michigan Supreme Court:

"Weapons are not permitted in any courtroom, office, or other space used for official court business or by judicial employees unless the chief judge or other person designated by the chief judge has given prior approval consistent with the court’s written policy."

## Must Inform Officer

1. An individual licensed to carry a concealed pistol who is stopped by a police officer (traffic stop or otherwise) while in possession of a pistol **shall immediately disclose** to the police officer that he or she is carrying a concealed pistol either on their person or in their motor vehicle.
  - Failure to disclose this information to a police officer carries the following penalties:

- First offense = State Civil Infraction - \$500 fine and 6-month CCW license suspension.
  - Second offense = State Civil Infraction - \$1000 fine and CCW license revocation.
2. An individual licensed to carry a concealed pistol shall have the license in his or her possession at all times he or she is carrying a concealed pistol.
    - Failure to possess CCW license when carrying a concealed pistol is a State Civil Infraction and a \$100.00 fine.
  3. Upon request, an individual licensed to carry a concealed pistol shall show **both** of the following to a police officer:
    - His or her license to carry a concealed pistol
    - His or her driver license or personal identification card
      - Failure to show CCW license and Michigan driver license or Michigan personal identification card when carrying a concealed pistol is a State Civil Infraction and \$100.00 fine.
  4. A pistol carried in violation of numbers 1, 2, or 3 is subject to immediate seizure by a police officer.
    - If a weapon is seized for failure to possess a CCW license while carrying a concealed pistol:
      - Individual has 45 days in which to display their license to carry a concealed pistol to the law enforcement agency that seized the pistol and the pistol shall be returned.
      - If the individual does not display their license to carry a concealed pistol within 45 days the pistol is subject to forfeiture.

## Carry In State Parks/State & National Forests/WMA/Road Side Rest Areas

### Carry Allowed in these Areas:

**State Parks:** YES MCL 324.504

**State/National Forests:** YES MCL 324.504

**WMA's:** YES MCL 324.504

**Road Side Rest Areas:** YES

## RV/Car Carry Without A Permit/License

It is illegal to carry any loaded firearm in any vehicle in Michigan without a valid Permit/License.

## State Preemption

Firearms and Ammunition (Excerpt)

Act 319 of 1990

**123.1102** Regulation of pistols or other firearms.

**Sec. 2.** A local unit of government shall not impose special taxation on, enact or enforce any ordinance or regulation pertaining to, or regulate in any other manner the ownership, registration, purchase, sale, transfer, transportation, or possession of pistols or other firearms, ammunition for pistols or other firearms, or components of pistols or other firearms, except as otherwise provided by federal law or a law of this state.

History: 1990, Act 319, Eff. Mar. 28, 1991.

## Deadly Force Laws

### Act 328 of 1931 Chapter XXXIII

**750.200i** Unlawful acts; penalties.

**750.200j** Additional unlawful acts; penalties.

**750.200k** Applicability of § 750.200h to 750.200j; exceptions.

**600.2922b** Use of deadly force or other than deadly force by individual in self-defense; immunity from civil liability.

**600.2922c** Individual sued for using deadly force or force other than deadly force; award of attorney fees and costs; conditions

**768.21c** Use of deadly force by individual in own dwelling; "dwelling" defined.

**780.971** Short title.

**780.972** Use of deadly force by individual not engaged in commission of crime; conditions.

**780.973** Duty to retreat; effect of act on common law.

**780.974** Right to use deadly force; effect of act on common law.

**780.951** Individual using deadly force or force other than deadly force; presumption; definitions

## Knife Laws State/Cities

To access State/Local Knife Laws Click [“Here”](#)

## Carry in Restaurants That Serve Alcohol

**YES**

**Note:** What is defined as carry in a restaurant that serves alcohol is a place like Friday's or Red Lobster. This does not mean a bar or the bar area of a restaurant. Handgunlaw.us believes you should never consume alcohol when carrying your firearm. In some states it is illegal to take even one drink while carrying a firearm.

## Chemical Sprays/Stun Gun/Higher Capacity Magazine Laws

### Stun Devices/Electric Weapons

**750.224a** –Portable device or weapon directing electrical current, impulse, wave, or beam; sale or possession prohibited; exceptions; use of electro-muscular disruption technology; violation; penalty; definitions.

#### Sec. 224a.

(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a person shall not sell, offer for sale, or possess in this state a portable device or weapon from which an electrical current, impulse, wave, or beam may be directed, which current, impulse, wave, or beam is designed to incapacitate temporarily, injure, or kill.

**750.224d** Self-defense spray or foam device.

## Sec. 224d.

(1) As used in this section and section 224, "self-defense spray or foam device" means a device to which all of the following apply:

(a) The device is capable of carrying, and ejects, releases, or emits 1 of the following:

(i) Not more than 35 grams of any combination of orthochlorobenzalmalononitrile and inert ingredients.

(5) Subsection (2) does not prohibit either of the following:

(a) The reasonable use of a self-defense spray or foam device containing not more than 10% oleoresin capsicum by a person who is employed by a county sheriff or a chief of police and who is authorized in writing by the county sheriff or chief of police to carry and use a self-defense spray or foam device and has been trained in the use, effects, and risks of the device, while in performance of his or her official duties.

(b) The reasonable use of a self-defense spray or foam device containing not more than 2% oleoresin capsicum by a person in the protection of a person or property under circumstances which would justify the person's use of physical force.

**Note:** Michigan also does not allow citizens to use a device containing combinations of CS and OC.

## LEOSA State Information

[Michigan LEOSA Info.](#)

[Michigan LEOSA Info from the State Police](#)

[Michigan Commission On Law Enforcement Standards FAQ's](#)

## Attorney General Opinions/Court Cases

- [Michigan AG - Park Carry](#)
- [Michigan AG - Handgun in Vehicles](#)
- [Michigan Appeals Ct on State Preemption](#)

## Airport Carry/Misc. Information

**Airport Carry:** Parking Lot and Terminal OK 259.80f

**Training Valid for:** No time Limit Specified

**Time Period to Establish Residency:** 6 Months

**Minimum Age for Permit/License:** 21

**Permit/License Info Public Information:** NO

**State Fire arm Laws:** Act 372 of 1927 28-421 thru 28-435

**State Deadly Force Laws:** Act 328 of 1931 750-200h thru 750-200k

**State Knife Laws:** Act 328 of 1931 750-226 thru 750-226a

**Chemical/Electric Weapons Laws:** 750-224a (Chem.) 750--224d (Elect)

**Body Armor Laws:** 750.227g

**Does Your Permit Cover Other Weapons Besides Firearms?** NO 28.421a

## Updates to this Page

**6/5/09** – Additional LEOSA Info Added

**7/26/09** – Map Updated

**8/20/09** – All Links checked and updated if needed

**8/22/09** – LEOSA Info Added

**8/31/09** – NE now honors a MI permit.

**11/29/09** – Chem/Electric Weapons Section Updated.

**3/16/10** – All Links Checked

**3/27/10** – CPL Quick Reference Link Added

**4/4/10** – Chem/Elec section updated to show 2% is max for civilians in MI.

**5/11/10** – Must Inform Officer Section Added